

**2 0 1 8**

**ANTHROPOLOGY**

**( THEORY )**

*Full Marks : 70*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

*General Instructions:*

- (i) Write all the answers in the Answer Script.
- (ii) Attempt Part-A Objective Questions serially.
- (iii) Attempt all parts of a question together at one place.

**PART : A-OBJECTIVE**

*( Marks : 35 )*

- 1.** Fill in the blanks with the correct answer from the options provided: 1 x 10 = 10

- (i). The word Anthropology is derived from two \_\_\_\_ words.
  - (a) Latin
  - (b) Greek
  - (c) French

- (ii) Human beings belong to the order \_\_\_\_
  - (a) carnivora
  - (b) primate
  - (c) edenta
- (iii) The 'Origin of Species' in 1859 was written by \_\_\_\_
  - (a) Lamarck
  - (b) Darwin
  - (c) Linnaeus
- (iv) Dark skin colour is one of the characteristic features of the \_\_\_\_
  - (a) Mongoloid
  - (b) Negroid
  - (c) Caucasoid
- (v) Ilium, Ischium and Pubis are the three parts of \_\_\_\_
  - (a) ribs
  - (b) vertebral column
  - (c) hip bones
- (vi) Narrow nostril is seen in \_\_\_\_
  - (a) Caucasoid
  - (b) Negroid
  - (c) Mongoloid

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- (vii) Judging another society on the basis of one's own society is known as \_\_\_\_
- (a) Xenophobia
  - (b) Cultural-Relativism
  - (c) Ethnocentrism
- (viii) Face to face interaction is there in a \_\_\_\_ group.
- (a) Primary
  - (b) Secondary
  - (c) Tertiary
- (ix) The human skeleton consists of \_\_\_\_ bones.
- (a) 200
  - (b) 160
  - (c) 206
- (x) Data, which are collected first hand, is know as \_\_\_\_.
- (a) Primary data
  - (b) Secondary data
  - (c) Tertiary data

2. Write whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False' :

1 x 11 = 11

- (i) Language is a part of culture.

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- (ii) Physical anthropology is concerned with human evolution and human variation.
- (iii) The process of 'genetic drift' is more effective in large population.
- (iv) Man is structurally equipped with upright posture.
- (v) The scientific observation of bodily parts is known as osteology.
- (vi) A family in which parents live with their unmarried children is a nuclear family.
- (vii) 'Uncle'-is a descriptive terminology.
- (viii) 'Society' refers to a network of inter-relationship among its individuals.
- (ix) A hunting-gathering society is also known as foraging society.
- (x) Secondary data means first hand information collected by a researcher.
- (xi) The control of supernatural forces by means of compulsive formulae is known as 'magic'.

3. Briefly answer the following questions (any seven).

2 x 7 = 14

- (i) What is Anthropology?
- (ii) Name any two branches of Anthropology.

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- (iii) What is bipedalism?
- (iv) What is mutation?
- (v) Define society.
- (vi) Define family.
- (vii) What are marriage payments?
- (viii) Write two functions of a family.
- (ix) Write two differences between Primary and Secondary groups.
- (x) What is animism?
- (xi) What is reciprocity?

( PART : B – DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 35 )

Answer question No. 1 and *any two* from the rest.

1. Write short notes on *any three* from the following:

5 x 3 = 15

- (a) Relationship of Anthropology with History.
- (b) Write the characteristics of culture.

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- (c) Elaborate on kinship terminologies.
  - (d) What is the difference between phratry and moiety?
  - (e) What are the different types of magic?
2. How does man belong to the order of primate? Write down the characteristics of primate. 3 + 7 = 10
3. Explain Darwin's theory of evolution. 10
4. Define marriage. What are the different types of marriages? 2 + 8 = 10
5. Write down the relationship between magic and religion. 10
6. Elaborate on domestication of plants and animals in neolithic period. 10

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