Instrumental Music (68)

Std. XI

Introduction

Music plays a very significant role in National and State Board's Art Education Curriculum. Since there is a lot of scope to develop the creativity of the students in Art Education, The curriculum of music would definitely help in developing the hidden qualities of the students.

Human life gets enriched due to Art that's why Art has been given significance in the curriculum. While restructuring the curriculum the students have been given the opportunities as per their age and interest and due to that his ability to express & stage daring would increase surely. The student would take pleasure after the study of each unit. They would do introspection. In this way only they would become professionals like artists, teachers, accompanists etc.

It is also possible to make use of music in co-curricular activities. Self-study has a great importance in music and thus the curriculum also aims to inculcate the value and importance of 'RIYAZ' in the students.

Objectives

After completing the syllabus in 'Indian Music', the students will come to know

- 1. History and Development of Indian Music
- 2. Vocal Light Music
- 3. Vocal Classical Music
- 4. Instrumental Music

The student will be able to

- 1. Define technical terms in Indian Music.
- 2. Differentiate between the characteristics of main school of Khyal singing

- Describe the life sketches of well known Musicians, Instrumentalists & Musicologists
- 4. List the guidelines for appreciation of Music
- 5. Classify Musical Instruments of India into various categories.
- 6. Modern Musical Form
- 7. The importance of Music in everyday and social life.
- 8. Place of Music in education
- 9. The use of Modern Musical Aids in Music
- 10. Recognize Musical Notes.
- 11. The Sing/play different Ragas
- 12. Write and recite Theka bols of Talas with demonstration
- 13. Write notation of Song and Talas
- 14. sing/play different forms with Gayaki Anga
- 15. Live stage performance (Majlis) with accompaniment similarly
 - 1. To help for self-employment
 - 2. For realisation of rich heritage of music
 - 3. To inculcate moral values like unity, equality, brotherhood etc.
 - 4. To co-relate for the teaching of other subjects.
 - 5. Application of Music for advertisements, industries etc.

'Indian Music' consists of the following Four Subject:

- History and Development of Indian Music.
 (Theory) 65
- 2) Vocal Light Music (Practical) 66
- 3) Vocal classical Music (Practical) 67



4)	Instrumental Music (Practical) - 68	3.	Theory of	3.1	Khamaj
Choice of Subject:			Ragas	3.2	Durga
	Each of the four subjects mentioned above		Ragas	3.3	Kafi
i)	under 'Indian Music' is considered for			3.4	Bihag
	100 marks.			3.5	Bhairavi
::/				3.6	Alhiyya-Bilawal
ii)	'History and Development of Indian			3.7	Yaman
	Music' (Theory) shall be compulsory for			3.8	
	all students offering 'Indian Music' i.e			3.9	Bhoopali
•••	Practical Subjects	4	Theory 9		Bhimpalas Trital
iii)	The theory paper called 'History and	4.	Theory & demonstration	4.1	
	Development of Indian Music' can be			4.2	Ektal
	chosen independently.		of Talas	4.3	Zaptal
iv)	But while choosing the Practical Papers			4.4	Kerwa
	i.e. Vocal Light Music OR Vocal Classical			4.5	Dadra
	Music OR instrumental Music, it is			4.6	Rupak
	compulsory to take the subject called	_	D	4.7	Dhumali
	'History and development of Indian	5.	Presentation	5.1	Rajakhani Gat
	Music'.				(Any Two)
v)	Student can choose any one practical			5.2	Alap (Minimum
	subject from Three Practical Subjects.				Two alaps in
	(Vocal Light Music-66, Vocal Classical				Sthayee and
	Music-67 and Instrumental Music-68).				Antara each)
1.	For Teaching a Music Practical Subjects			5.3	Taan (Minimum
	(Sub.No.66, 67, 68). The maximum				Two taanas in
	number of students in one batch should be				Sthayee and
	Twenty only.				Antara each) in
2.	For Vocal Light & Vocal Classical Music				the following
	(66, 67) there should be separate batches				Ragas
	for boys and girls, based on the Natural			5.4	Khamaj
	Vocal Limitations.			5.5	Kafi
3.	There should be six periods in a week			5.6	Durga
	(one period – every day) for all music			5.7	Bihag
	practical subjects per batch.			5.8	Bhairavi
				5.9	Alhiyya-Bilawal
Curriculum			Presentation	6.1	Masidkhani Gat
Sr.No. Unit Subunit					(Any Two)
1.	Swara 1.1 Shuddha Swara.			6.2	Rajakhani Gat
	1.2 Vikrit Swara.				(Any Two) in the
2.	Alankar 2.1 Shuddha Swaras				following Ragas



		6.3	Yaman
		6.4	Bhoopali
		6.5	Bhimpalas
7.	Specific	7.1	Gat with Dugan
	Forms		(one)
	Presentation	7.2	Dhun (one)
8.	Definitions:	8.1	Tal Angas – Sam,
	[Technical Terms	s]	Kal, Matra,
			Khand, Tali,
			Laya, Avartan
		8.2	Raga Anga –
			Sangeet, Swara,
			Komal Swara,
			Tivra Swara,
			Raga, Saptak,
			Thaat, Aroha,
			Awaroha, Vadi,
			Samvadi,
			Anuwadi Vivadi,
			Varja Swara,
			Gansumay,
			Pakad
9.	National	9.1	Jan-gan-man
	Anthem	9.2	Vande-mataram
			(official)
10.	Notation	10.1	Sargam – Any
	Writing		one in the
			prescribed
			Ragas from
			unit 5
		10.2	Sargam – Any
			one in the
			prescribed
			Ragas from
			unit 6
11.	Practical Record	Bool	k

Std XII

Introduction

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- History and Development of Indian Music.
 (Theory) 65
- 2) Vocal Light Music (Practical) 66
- 3) Vocal classical Music (Practical) 67
- 4) Instrumental Music (Practical) 68

Choice of Subject:

i) Each of the four subjects mentioned above

- under 'Indian Music' is considered for 100 marks.
- ii) 'History and Development of Indian Music' (Theory) shall be compulsory for all students offering 'Indian Music' i.e. - Practical Subjects
- iii) The theory paper called 'History and Development of Indian Music' can be chosen independently.
- iv) But while choosing the Practical Papers i.e. Vocal Light Music OR Vocal Classical Music OR instrumental Music, it is compulsory to take the subject called 'History and development of Indian Music'.
- v) Student can choose any one practical subject from Three Practical Subjects. (Vocal Light Music-66, Vocal Classical Music-67 and Instrumental Music-68).

Curriculum

Curriculum					
S.No.	Unit		Subunit		
1.	Swara	1.1	Shuddha Swara.		
		1.2	Vikrit Swara.		
2.	Alankar	Shuddha Swara's			
		alankar based on			
3.	Theory of	3.1	Kedar		
	Ragas	3.2	Bhairav		
		3.3	Jounpuri		
		3.4	Bageshree		
		3.5	Shankara		
		3.6	Tilak-Kamod		
		3.7	Deshkar		
		3.8	Malkauns		
		3.9	Vrindavani		
		Sarang			
4.	Theory &	4.1	All talas		
	demonstration		prescribed for		
	of Talas		Std.XI		



		4.2	Zumra			6.4	Bageshree
		4.3	Tilwada	7.	Spefic Forms	7.1	Gat with Dugun
		4.4	Addha		Presentation		& Chaugun
		4.5	Roopak			7.2	Dhun
5.	Presentation		Rajakhani Gat	8.	Definitions:	8.1	All terms
			(Any two) with		(Technical Terms)		prescribed
			2 alap & 2 taans				for Std.XI
		5.1	Shankara			8.2	Alap, Taan,
		5.2	Tilak kamod				Meend, Kan,
		5.3	Deshkar				Murki
		5.4	Malkauns	9.	Notation	9.1	Notation wirting
		5.5	Vrindawani		Writing		at one Rajakhan
			Sarang				Gat from Unit 5
6.	Presentation M	Mas	idkhani Gat			9.2	Notation writing
		(Any	Two)				of one Rajakhan
		6.1	Kedar				Gat from Unit 6
		6.2	Bhairav	10.	(Practical)		
		6.3	Jounpuri		Record - book		



