### NORTH-EX PUBLIC SCHOOL (Session 2020-21) Class - VII Subject - English Topic –Revision of all the worksheets no. 1to 6 Worksheet No – 7 (Revision)

You can download the assignment or if you do not have the facility to get printout then you can ask your ward to copy the assignment in a simple notebook and must do question and answers in the notebook.

### NOTES:

There are two types of articles in English: the definite article (*the*) and the indefinite article (a/an). They belong to a larger grammatical class called determiners.

I want to buy *a* shirt. Can I have *an* egg for breakfast? Please pass *the* salt.

As you can see, articles are used before nouns. An article points out which person or thing is being referred to. It also tells us whether that person or thing is being mentioned in a general or a specific sense.

	ADJECTIVES	
	the	superlative
positive	comparative	happiest
happy	happier	easiest
easy	easier	heaviest
heavy	heavier ive ends in a consonant with	
vowel sound befo and <i>-est</i> are adde <b>positive</b>	ore it, the last consonant dou	superlative
hot	hotter	hottest
thin	thinner	thinnest
fat	fatter	fattest
sad	sadder	saddest
all adjectives with comparative and t	e adjectives that do not end more than two syllables mathe the superlative by adding <i>m</i> nd <i>most</i> before the superlat	ake the <i>ore</i> before
all adjectives with comparative and t	n more than two syllables mathematication mathematicative by adding <i>m</i>	ake the <i>ore</i> before
all adjectives with comparative and t the comparative a	n more than two syllables ma the superlative by adding <i>m</i> nd <i>most</i> before the superlat	ake the <i>ore</i> before ive.
all adjectives with comparative and t the comparative a positive	n more than two syllables ma the superlative by adding <i>m</i> nd <i>most</i> before the superlat comparative	ake the <i>ore</i> before ive. <b>superlative</b>
all adjectives with comparative and t the comparative a <b>positive</b> proper	the superlative by adding <i>m</i> nd <i>most</i> before the superlat <b>comparative</b> more proper	ake the <i>ore</i> before ive. <b>superlative</b> most proper

### Types of Sentences

Sentences can be classified as:

- declarative or assertive sentences
- imperative sentences
- interrogative sentences
- exclamatory sentences

#### NOUNS

### Abstract Nouns

An abstract noun is usually the name for a state of being, a concept, a quality or an action that has no physical existence. Things named by abstract nouns cannot be seen, touched, tasted or smelt.

In his *youth*, Sami played cricket for his college. (a state of being) Funny movies are popular because they have a lot of *humour*. (a quality) Mahatma Gandhi preached *peace* and *non-violence*. (concepts) *Laughter* is the best medicine. (action)

### Many abstract nouns are formed from

### 1. adjectives

- youth from young
- strength from strong
- 2. verbs
  - *laughter* from *laugh*
  - *freedom* from *free*

### 3. common nouns

- *friendship* from *friend*
- patriotism from patriot

The names of subjects like art, music, maths, biology, etc. are also abstract nouns because they are also concepts.

## Concrete Nouns

A noun referring to things that can be perceived or experienced hrough any of our five senses – which means that it can be seen, buched or felt, tasted, smelt or heard – is called a concrete noun.

Raman ate an apple. The dog swam in the water. Put some sugar in the tea.

In the sentences above, *Raman*, *apple*, *dog*, *water*, *sugar* and *tea* are all concrete nouns. Thus, concrete nouns can be common, proper or collective nouns.



Pick out the nouns from the passage and say what kind each noun is. Write your answers in the box below.

Akbar was a famous king. He was known for his intelligence and honesty. He was also very sincere. His favourite courtier was Birbal, who was well known in the court for his wit and humour. Troupes of artists visited Akbar's court in Agra, and there was a lot of merriment and laughter.

# 2. Rewrite the sentences after inserting the appropriate forms of the words given in brackets.

- 1. The soldier heaved a sigh of relief. (tire)
- 2. I was unhappy to find him. (trouble)
- 3. The snow made the landscape look beautiful. (fall)
- 4. Siya ecstatically looked at the toboggan. (slide)
- 5. He rummaged through my drawers to find the keys. (lose)
- 6. In our village the archaeologists have discovered remnants of a civilization. (forget)
- 7. Who asked you to get this bottle? (leak)
- 8. After two rounds the boxer already had a look on his face. (defeat)
- 9. Can you bring me some sheets? (rule)
- 10. Last night Suraj woke up when he dreamt of a lion in his paddy field. (roar)

 $Q_{3}$ . Insert articles where necessary and rewrite the sentences.

- 1. Amazon is the longest river in the world.
- 2. I went to buy Arab horse.
- 3. Deeper the well, better the water.
- 4. You are fool to talk like this.
- 5. Dog is considered to be faithful animal.
- 6. This is romantic novel.
- 7. Old man is walking on the road.
- 8. Bird in hand is worth two in bush.
- 9. Do you know which is cleanest city in world?
- 10. Soldier tried his best to get horse to walk. But it did not move inch.
- 11. What do you want to become: banker or writer?
- 12. Great Barrier Reef, located off coast of Australia, is world's largest coral reef system.

## QL. Classify the following sentences.

- 1. Help! I am falling down!
- 2. Please pass me the sugar.
- 3. India and Pakistan are neighbouring countries.
- 4. There is no shop nearby.
- 5. Have some mercy.

- 6. Where are the children?
- 7. Stop the traffic.
- 8. Have you done your homework?
- 9. May god bless you!
- 10. May you all pass!

### ANSWERS

### Answer 1.

common proper collective abstract king Akbar troupes intelligence courtier Birbal – honesty court Delhi – – artists Agra – wit – – – humour – – – merriment - - - laughter

### Answer 2.

- 1. The tired soldier heaved a sigh of relief.
- 2. I was unhappy to find him troubled.
- 3. The falling snow made the landscape look beautiful.
- 4. Siya ecstatically looked at the sliding toboggan.
- 5. He rummaged through my drawers to find the lost keys.
- 6. In our village the archaeologists have discovered remnants of a forgotten civilization.
- 7. Who asked you to get this leaking bottle?
- 8. After two rounds the boxer already had a defeated look on his face.

9. Can you bring me some ruled sheets?

10. Last night Suraj woke up when he dreamt of a roaring lion in his paddy field.

### Answer3.

- 1. The Amazon is the longest river in the world.
- 2. I went to buy an Arab horse.
- 3. The deeper the well, the better the water.
- 4. You are a fool to talk like this.
- 5. The dog is considered to be a faithful animal.
- 6. This is a romantic novel.
- 7. An old man is walking on the road.
- 8. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

5

9. Do you know which is the cleanest city in the world?

10. The soldier tried his best to get the horse to walk. But it did not move an inch.

11. What do you want to become: a banker or a writer?

12. The Great Barrier Reef, located off the coast of Australia, is the world's largest coral reef system.

Answer 4.

- 1. exclamatory
- 2. imperative
- 3. declarative
- 4. declarative
- 5. imperative
- 6. interrogative
- 7. imperative
- 8. interrogative
- 9. imperative
- 10. imperative