# Indian Forest Service (Main) Exam, 2020

JKLO-B-BTN

**BOTANY** 

PAPER—II

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

### QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions

There are EIGHT questions in all, out of which FIVE are to be attempted.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining SIX questions, THREE are to be attempted selecting at least ONE question from each of the two Sections A and B.

All questions carry equal marks. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Neat sketches may be drawn, wherever required.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

Answers must be written in ENGLISH only.

### SECTION—A

8×5=40

1.	Writ	e short notes on the following:	8×5=	40
	(a)	Membrane proteins—structure and function		
	(b)	Chromosomal sex determination in higher plants		
	(c)	Origin and cytological behaviour of trisomics		
	(d)	Male sterility and its significance in plant hybrid production		
	(e)	Pearson's correlation coefficient		
2.	(a)	Describe briefly the role of allopolyploidy in the evolution and speciatio plants.		20
	(b)	In what ways is a plant vacuole similar to a lysosome? What are lysosome storage diseases?	mal 7+3=	:10
	(c)	Describe various mechanisms of transport of molecules across the membrane.	cell	10
3.	(a)		astid 0+10=	-20
	(b)	Describe briefly the prophase I of meiosis. What are recombination nodules	? 7+3=	=10
	(c)	What is the significance of normal, binomial and Poisson distributions of de	ata?	10
4.	(a)		test 7+13=	=20
	(b)	What are autocrine, paracrine and endocrine types of intercellular signalin	g?	10
	(c)	"Genetic code is triplet, degenerate and universal." Explain.		10

#### SECTION—B

5.	Write short notes on the following:						
	(a)	Oxidative phosphorylation					
	(b)	Vernalization					
	(c)	Seed dormancy					
	(d)	Global warming					
	(e)	Biodiversity hotspots					
6.	(a)		? ·7=20				
	(b)	•	n -7=10				
	(c)	What are the abiotic and biotic components of an ecosystem?	10				
7.	(a)		s .5=20				
	(b)	Explain the Z-scheme of light reaction of photosynthesis.	10				
	(c)	Give a concise account of Krebs cycle.	10				
8.	(a)		al 13=20				
	(b)	Why are these important for environmental protection and ecosystem function					
	(c)	Write an elaborate note on the phytogeographical zones (regions) of India.	10				
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