

NORTH-EX PUBLIC SCHOOL
(Senior Secondary, Affiliated To CBSE)
School Block, Jain Nagar, Sector-38, Rohini, Delhi- 81
PERIODIC TEST 1 (2023-24)
SUBJECT – English
CLASS - VI

TIME: 1 HOUR

M.M.: 25 marks

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper comprises three sections A, B, C. There are 9 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section–A - question no. 1 carries 5 marks.
- (iii) Section–B – question no. 2 to 6 carries 2 marks each.
- (iv) Section–C - question no. 7 carries 2 marks, question no. 8 carries 4 marks.
- (v) Section–D – question no. 9 carries 4 marks.

Section A

Q1. Read the passage and answer the questions.

Solomon was famous for his wealth and wisdom. Queen Sheba came to test his wisdom. One day she came to his court with two garlands of beautiful flowers which looked alike. Standing a little away she held them up and said, "One is made of real flowers and the other is artificial. Tell me which is which."

Solomon remained silent for some time. Then he told his servant to open the window. It was opened. Soon the bees came into the room and flew to the garland of real flowers in her right hand. Then he replied, "The flowers in your right hand are real."

Questions:

1. What was Solomon noted for?
2. Why did Queen Sheba come to his court?
3. What did she bring?
4. What did he tell his servant to do?
5. How did he know which were the real flowers?.

Section B

Q2. Name the parts of speech of each underlined word in the following sentences.

- 1) She comes here every Sunday.
- 2) He ran fast.
- 3) He is going to the house for a party.
- 4) Yummy! she made the food tasty.

Q3. Write the feminine gender of the following nouns.

Masculine

1. Emperor
2. Poet
3. Tiger
4. Nephew

Q4. Change the following singular nouns into Plural.

Singular

1. Tooth
2. Hero
3. Lock
4. Woman

Q5. Identify the kind of sentences.

- 1) What a delicious cake!
- 2) Do you want eraser?
- 3) This is my notebook.
- 4) Don't eat that fast

Q6. Do as instructed:

1. Sun smiled at us. (Identify and underline the personification)
2. Kavita made some delicious cupcakes. (Circle the compound word)
3. _____ Is your name? (Fill the blank with suitable Wh-word)
4. Met/ today/ in the park/ my friend/ I/. (Arrange in correct order)

Section C

Q7. Read lines from the poem and answer the questions:

I'd never seen so much concrete.

- a) What is the poet talking about?
- b) Why was there so much concrete?

Q8. Answer the following questions:

- a) What challenge did nawab Rangile accept and why?
- b) Who was Arunima Sinha?
- c) What did the tools that look like?
- d) What does the poet feel about a tree list street?

Section D

Q9. Write a paragraph on Akshardham temple.

Or

Write a letter to your cousin who has just gone abroad to study asking him/her about the classes, friends, teachers are like.

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Periodic test -1 (2023-24)
SUBJECT - Hindi
CLASS - VI

MM - 25

Time- 1 hrs.

- सामान्य निर्देश :-
- सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- इस प्रश्न पत्र के चार खंड हैं - क, ख, ग और घ।
- खंड क पाँच अंक का है।
- खंड ख 10 अंक का है जिसमें प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दो-दो अंक दिए गए हैं।
- खंड ग पाँच अंक का है जिसमें प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए एक-एक अंक दिए गए हैं।
- खंड घ पाँच अंक का है।

खंड - क अपठित गद्यांश

(1×5=5)

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
हिंदी सजीव भाषा है। इसी कारण इसने अरबी, फारसी आदि के संपर्क में आकर उनके शब्द ग्रहण कर लिए हैं। अब अंग्रेजी के शब्दों को भी ग्रहण कर रही है। इसे भाषा दोष नहीं, गुण समझना चाहिए। अपनी इस ग्रहण शक्ति से हिंदी का विकास हो रहा है। जैसे-जैसे इसका प्रचार बढ़ेगा, वैसे-वैसे इसमें नए शब्द आते जाएंगे। हमें तो केवल इस बात का ध्यान रखना चाहिए कि हिंदी भाषा अपने स्वरूप को बनाए हुए है।

- 1 हिंदी कैसी भाषा है?
- 2 इसमें किन-किन भाषाओं के शब्दों का ग्रहण हुआ है?
- 3 क्या दूसरी भाषा के शब्दों को अपनाना दोष समझना चाहिए?
- 4 भारत की राष्ट्र भाषा का नाम लिखिए।
- 5 उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक लिखिए।

खंड-ख (व्याकरण)

(1/2×4=2)

प्रश्न 2 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक शब्द में लिखिए -

1. भाषा के कितने भेद होते हैं?
2. हिंदी भाषा की लिपि कौन-सी है?
3. भारतीय संविधान द्वारा कितनी भाषाओं को मान्यता प्राप्त है?
4. विपरीत या उल्टा अर्थ प्रकट करने वाले शब्दों को क्या कहते हैं?

प्रश्न 3 निर्देशानुसार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए-

क निम्न उपसर्गों से एक-एक शब्द बनाइए -

(1/2×4=2)

1. अनु 2. अव 3. अभि 4. अप

ख शब्दों को शुद्ध करके लिखिए-

(1/2×4=2)

1. चाद 2. पूसतक 3. करम 4. पानि

ग निम्न शब्दों के एक-एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए-

1 आकाश 2. जल 3. इच्छा 4. आग

(1/2×4=2)

घ विलोम शब्द लिखिए-

1. आदर 2. अच्छा 3 आकाश 4. जन्म

(1/2×4=2)

खंड- ग (हिंदी पाठ्यपुस्तक)

प्रश्न 4. निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर 15 से 20 शब्दों में लिखिए - (कोई पाँच कीजिए)

(1×5=5)

1. अन्मी के समझाने पर भी असलम ने रोजे क्यों रखे ?
2. 'उगते सूर्य' की भूमि किसे कहा जाता है?
3. भाग्य के भरोसे कौन नहीं रहते हैं?
4. 'अरुणाचल' का शाब्दिक अर्थ क्या है?
5. अन्मी के दिए हुए रुपयों से असलम ने क्या किया?
6. जय जवान, जय किसान, जय विज्ञान का नारा किसने दिया था?
7. अपने आसपास के चार कर्मवीरों के नाम लिखिए।

खंड-घ (लेखन भाग)

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर लिखिए-

(5)

- अपनी कहानी प्रकाशित कराने का निवेदन करते हुए नंदन पत्रिका के संपादक को पत्र लिखिए।
अथवा
- 'मन के हारे हार है, मन के जीते जीत' अनुच्छेद (80 से 100) शब्दों में लिखिए।

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PERIODIC TEST 1 (2023-24)
SUBJECT – Mathematics
CLASS - VI

TIME: 1 HOUR

M.M.: 25 marks

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C and D. There are 16 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section-A - question no. 1 to 10 carries 0.5 mark each.
- (iii) Section-B - question no. 11 & 12 carries 2 marks each.
- (iv) Section-C - question no. 13 & 14 carries 3 marks each.
- (v) Section-D - question no. 15 & 16 carries 5 marks each.

Section - A

- Q1. There are _____ centimetres in 50 metres.
- Q2. Round of 875 to the nearest hundred.
- Q3. Write 734 4671 in Indian numeral system.
- Q4. The predecessor of one is 0. (T/F).
- Q5. _____ is the smallest whole number.
- Q6. 1673×0 _____.
- Q7. Write all the factors of 27.
- Q8. Write first two multiples of 11.
- Q9. Write the smallest 3-digit number.
- Q10. Write the largest 7 -digit number.

SECTION - B

- Q11. Write all the prime numbers between 29 and 97.
- Q12. How many 4- digit numbers are there in all ?

SECTION – C

- Q13. Find the difference between the place value and the face value of both '7' in 36,7 8,472.
- Q14. Find the HCF of 140 and 205 by division method.

SECTION – D (case study based)

- Q15. In each of the following pairs of numbers, state which whole number on left of the other number on the number, so write them in appropriate sign (<,>).

- 530 503
- 370 307
- 112 211
- 150 105
- 1234 4321

- Q16. Answer the following questions.

- a) 35__3 is divisible by 3.
- b) All prime numbers except _____ are odd.
- c) 0 is a _____ number.
- d) Write the successors of 7280.
- e) Write the predecessor of 3460

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PERIODIC TEST 1 (2023-24)
SUBJECT - SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS - VI

TIME: 1 HOUR

M.M.: 25 marks

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C and D. There are 16 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section-A - question no. 1 to 10 carries 0.5 mark each.
- (iii) Section-B - question no. 11 & 12 carries 2 marks each.
- (iv) Section-C - question no. 13 & 14 carries 3 marks each.
- (v) Section-D - question no. 15 & 16 carries 5 marks each.

Section A

- Q1. Who is the author of the book, 'The Discovery of India'?
- Q2. Which planet is called red planet?
- Q3. What is the full form of IST?
- Q4. Who has written the constitution of India?
- Q5. Name the calendar used world-wide?
- Q6. _____ is known as the study of inscription.
- Q7. Name the period in which shape of the moon reduces.
- Q8. Name the largest Asteroid?
- Q9. Name the official language of India?
- Q10. _____ is set of basic laws to govern a country.

Section B

- Q11. Write any two significance of having standard time.
- Q12. Write any two measures to reduce prejudice.

Section C

- Q13. Write 3 reasons why early human uses stones to make tools?
- Q14. Describe the ways in which oneness of India gets reflected.

Section D

- Q15. Inscriptions were written on rocks, pillars, walls of important buildings, and even metal sheets. Inscriptions were writing that held some religious or administrative significance. Sometimes, a king would mention his personal achievements in inscriptions. The study of inscriptions is called Epigraphy. Epigraphy is an important source of Indian History as inscriptions cannot be altered or manipulated. Many inscriptions are still intact and, therefore, are a reliable source of history. During the rule of Ashoka, many inscriptions were issued. Ashokan inscriptions have helped to Reconstruct the history of the Mauryan period.

Based on above passage answer the following questions:

- i) What are Inscriptions?
- ii) What does kings mention in the inscriptions?
- iii) Write any one importance of Ashoka's Inscriptions?
- iv) What is Epigraphy?
- v) Why Epigraphy is an important source of Indian History.

Q16. Kerala is a state in south India surrounded by hills on one side and sea on the other side. It is characterised by a dozen shades of green and blue due to its lush green vegetation and abundant rainfall.

In the previous times, it was renowned for trading spices with Jewish and Arab traders. It is home to Muslims, Jews, Christians, Hindus and Buddhists. The two major occupations in Kerala are fishing and agriculture. Rice is a staple crop of Kerala. Thus, the diet of people in Kerala includes rice, fish and vegetables. It is also famous for its annual snake boat race.

Based on above passage answer the following questions:

- i) Name any one South Indian state?
- ii) Why Kerala is characterised by a dozen shades of green and blue?
- iii) What are the main occupations of people of Kerala?
- iv) Name any two religions followed by people of Kerala?
- v) What is the staple food of Kerala?

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PERIODIC TEST 1 (2023-24)
SUBJECT - SCIENCE
CLASS - VI

TIME: 1 HOUR

M.M.: 25 marks

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C and D. There are 16 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section-A - question no. 1 to 10 carries 0.5 mark each.
- (iii) Section-B - question no. 11 & 12 carries 2 marks each.
- (iv) Section-C - question no. 13 & 14 carries 3 marks each.
- (v) Section-D - question no. 15 & 16 carries 5 marks each.

Section-A

1. What is non living component of an ecosystem known as?
2. Which plant part is reduced in size in aquatic plant?
3. What is the basic structural and functional unit of life?
4. Give one example of homogeneous mixture.
5. Name a material used to cover wire.
6. Give one example of conductor.
7. ——— Break and joins a circuit.
8. A dry cell has ——— terminals.
9. ——— Can store food in its hump.
10. The webbed feet of frog helped it for what?

Section-B

11. Why intake of food is considered so important for living being?
12. Why do we need to separate substances?

Section-C

13. Draw open and closed circuit.
14. Write at least three adaptations in camel.

Section-D

15. Imagine you are visiting a beautiful place in a countryside where there is no electricity, you need to stay there for a week or so. how will you adjust yourself in that place? what changes will you make in your routine activities?
16. The electricity bill for the month of August in Ramesh's house was ₹5000 he decided to bring down the consumption of Electricity in his home. can you help him with a plan of action to do this?

Time: 1 hour

सामान्य निर्देश

- (i) प्रश्नपत्र में कुल चार क, ख, ग, घ खंड हैं।
(ii) प्रश्नपत्र में कुल 16 प्रश्न हैं। जिसमें खण्ड 'क' में 1/2 अंक के दस प्रश्न हैं।
खण्ड 'ख' में 2 अंक के 2 प्रश्न हैं। खंड 'ग' में 3 अंक के 2 प्रश्न हैं। व
खण्ड 'घ' में 5 अंक के 2 प्रश्न हैं।
(iii) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। सभी प्रश्न क्रमानुसार लिखें।

खण्ड 'क'

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

- प्र०1 जी वर्ण बिना किसी की सहायता से बोलें जाते हैं,
उन्हें क्या कहते हैं?
प्र०2 वर्ण के कितने भेद होते हैं?
प्र०3 वचन कितने प्रकार के होते हैं?
प्र०4 लिंग कितने प्रकार के होते हैं?
प्र०5 अ, इ, ग, रु वर्णों में कौनसा वर्ण व्यंजन है?
प्र०6 आ, ई, श, औ वर्णों में कौनसे वर्ण दीर्घ स्वर हैं?
प्र०7 क, प, क्ष, ज वर्णों में कौनसे वर्ण संयुक्त वर्ण हैं?
प्र०8 'रमेश, कमल, बह' शब्दों में सर्वनाम शब्द कौन-सा है?
प्र०9 'आप, मैं, वह, दिल्ली' शब्दों में संज्ञा शब्द कौन-सा है?
प्र०10 'ज' वर्ण की वर्ण-विच्छेद करके लिखें।

खण्ड 'ख'

$2 \times 2 = 4$

प्र०11 रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

कवर्ग =	क	—	—	—	इ
पवर्ग =	प	—	—	—	अ
टवर्ग =	ट	—	इ	—	—
तवर्ग =	त	—	—	इ	—
पवर्ग =	प	क	—	—	—
अन्तस्थ =	य	—	व	—	—
उष्म =	श	—	—	—	—

प्र० 12. अर्थातिशयानां पदानाम् उचितार्थैः सह मेलनं कुरुत -

(i) पुष्टिमा	पिपीलिका
(ii) चींटी	मूषिका
(iii) घटिका	डॉक्टर
(iv) चिकित्सकः	घड़ी

शब्द 'म'

2x3 = 6

प्र० 13 उचितार्थ पदानि पूरयत -

(i) यौ बालक	=	_____
(ii) अनेक मद्दलियां	=	_____
(iii) पूछ	=	_____
(iv) यौ किसान	=	_____
(v) अनेक सैनिक	=	_____
(vi) अनेक छिरो	=	_____

मञ्जूषा - मूषकः, कृषको, सैनिकाः, मृगाः, मत्स्याः, बालको

प्र० 14 क्रियापदानि कर्तृपदैः सह मेलयत ।

<u>कर्तृपदानि</u>	<u>क्रियापदानि</u>
(i) श्रमिकः	पाठयति
(ii) शिक्षकः	वस्त्राणि सीचयति
(iii) चिकित्सकः	न्यायं कश्नोति
(iv) कृषकः	द्वलं कर्षति
(v) न्यायधीशः	चिकित्सति
(vi) सौचिकः	श्वनति

प्र० 15 अर्धलिखितं गद्यांशान् पठित्वा उत्तराणि लिखत-

शुकः काकः वृक्षस्य दामामाम् शैटिकां स्वायति । तदा तत्र

शुकः कुक्कुरः आगच्छति । कुक्कुरः काकम् कथयति - हे काकराज ! त्वम् मद्युरं गायसि । मूर्खः काकः गीतम् गायति शैटिका अद्यः पतति । चतुरः कुक्कुरः शैटिकां स्वायति, दृश्यति धावति च।

- (i) वृक्षे कः तिष्ठति ? काकः / कुक्कुरः
- (ii) कः तत्र आगच्छति ? कुक्कुरः / शिष्टः
- (iii) गीतम् कः गायति ? शुकः / काकः
- (iv) शैटिका कुत्र पतति ? अद्यः / उपरि
- (v) 'चतुरः' इति शब्दस्य विलोमपदं अनुच्छेदात् ख्व चित्वा लिखत

प्र० 16 अर्धलिखितं संख्यावाचक शब्दानं पठित्वा उचितं क्रमानुसारं लिखत -

पत्वारः , शुकः , द्वौ , पञ्च , त्रयः , षट् , अष्ट , नव , दश , सप्त

- 1
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