



Total No. of Questions : 24

Total No. of Printed Pages : 3

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Part - III
MATHEMATICS - PAPER - II (B)

(English Version)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

Note : This question paper consists of three sections A, B and C.

SECTION - A

10x2=20

Very short answer type questions :

(i) Attempt *all* questions.(ii) Each question carries *two marks*.

- Find the equation of the circle whose end points of a diameter are (4, 2), (1, 5).
- If the length of the tangent from (2, 5) to the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 5x + 4y + k = 0$ is $\sqrt{37}$ then find k.
- Find k if the pairs of circles $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 8 = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 - 16y + k = 0$ are orthogonal.
- Find the coordinates of the points on the parabola $y^2 = 8x$ whose focal distance is 10.
- If the angle between the asymptotes is 30° then find its eccentricity of hyperbola.
- Evaluate : $\int \sec^2 x \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \, dx$
- Evaluate : $\int e^{\log(1+\tan^2 x)} \, dx$.
- Find the value of $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^7 x \sin^2 x \, dx$.

9. Find the area of the region enclosed by the given curves $x=4-y^2$, $x=0$

10. Find the order and degree of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = 6y$

SECTION - B

II. Short answer type questions :

(i) Attempt any five questions.

(ii) Each question carries four marks.

11. Find the length of the chord intercepted by the circle $x^2 + y^2 - x + 3y - 2 = 0$ on the line $y = x - 3$.

12. Show that the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 2y + 8 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 6y + 6 = 0$ touch each other and find the point of contact.

13. Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the ellipse $9x^2 + 16y^2 = 144$ at the end of the latus rectum in the first quadrant.

14. If $P(x, y)$ is any point on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ ($a > b$) whose foci are S and S' then prove that $SP + S'P$ is a constant.

15. Find the centre, foci, eccentricity, equation of the directrices, length of the latus rectum of the hyperbola.

$$x^2 - 4y^2 = 4.$$

16. Evaluate : $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$.

17. Solve : $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{3x^2}{1+x^3}y = \frac{1+x^2}{1+x^3}$.

SECTION - C

11

III. Long answer type questions :

5x7=35

(i) Attempt any five questions.

(ii) Each question carries seven marks.

18. If (2, 0), (0, 1), (4, 5) and (0, c) are concyclic then find c.

19. Find the transverse common tangents of the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 10y + 28 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 6y + 4 = 0$.

20. Define parabola and obtain the standard form of the parabola $yy^2 = 4ax$, $(a > 0)$.

21. Obtain the reduction formula for $\int \sin^n x \, dx$ for an integer $n \geq 2$ and deduce $\int \sin^4 x \, dx$.

22. Evaluate : $\int \frac{x+1}{x^2+3x+12} \, dx$.

23. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{9+16\sin 2x} \, dx$.

24. Solve : $(1 + e^{x/y}) \, dx + e^{x/y} \left(1 - \frac{x}{y}\right) \, dy = 0$.

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